

McLaren Greater Lansing has partnered with the experts at the Digestive Health Institute, alongside our current partners, to bring your patients the best in gastrointestinal care.

Digestive Health Institute - A Pinnacle GI Partner

1650 Ramblewood Dr., East Lansing

Phone: (517) 332-1200 Fax: (517) 351-3327

- Daniel Coffey, MD (Colorectal surgeon)
- Lucas Julien, MD (Colorectal surgeon)
- Razvan Opreanu, MD (Colorectal surgeon)
- Scott Plaehn, DO, FACOI (GI)
- Albert Ross, MD (GI)
- John Walling, Jr., DO, FACOI (GI)
- Siaka Yusuf, MD (GI)
- Dorian Jones, MD (GI)
- Janell Lee-Allen, MD (GI)

MSU Health Care Gastroenterology & Colorectal Surgery

4660 South Hagadorn Rd., Ste. 210, East Lansing Phone: (517) 353-3102

- Jacquelyn Charbel, DO, FACOS, FACS* (Colorectal surgeon)
- Catherine Kerschen, DO, FACOI*
- Lisa Oliveri-LePain, DO, FACOI*

The GI Clinic, PLLC

1515 Lake Lansing Rd. Ste. O, Lansing

Phone: (517) 999-5300

Allison Wood, DO

*The physicians listed with an asterix participate in the McLaren High Performance Network. For more information please visit, www.mclaren.org/aco/mhpn-providers-aco.

DIGESTIVE HEALTH SERVICES

Whether your patient has abdominal pain or cramping, bloating, change in bowel habits, constipation, diarrhea, incomplete bowel movements, narrow stools, rectal bleeding or bloody stools or other digestive health complications, we are here to help. We are committed to provide the best quality care to your patients and treat common and complex conditions using a full range of treatment options.

WE TREAT COMMON AND COMPLEX CONDITIONS SUCH AS:

- Colon and Rectal Cancer
- Diverticular Disease
- Ulcerative Colitis
- Crohn's Disease
- Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS)
- Hemorrhoids
- Rectal Prolapse
- Anal Abscesses and Anal Fistulas
- Anal Fissures
- Fecal/Anal Incontinence
 - Acid Reflux/Gastroesophageal Reflux (GERD)



MCLAREN GREATER LANSING ENDOSCOPY CENTER

3520 Forest Rd., Third Floor Lansing, MI 48910

McLaren is home to some of mid-Michigan's most experienced endoscopy specialists, who skillfully operate an endoscope to examine the inside of the body for signs of disease or to remove tissue. Each year, nearly 10,000 endoscopy procedures are performed at McLaren Greater Lansing.



WHY CHOOSE MCLAREN?

We offer:

- Esophageal manometry
- PH Reflux Study
- ERCP (endoscopic treatment for gallstones and other biliary conditions)
- Endoscopic ultrasound with needle biopsy or fine needle aspiration
- Esophageal, colonic, biliary and pancreatic stenting
- Esophageal dilation as a treatment for dysphagia
- Esophageal variceal banding
- Hemorrhoid banding
- Capsule camera placement
- PEG feeding tube placement and replacement
- Screening colonoscopies and EGDs prior to gastric surgery

PROVIDERS WHO ALSO PROVIDE ENDOSCOPY AND COLONOSCOPY SCREENINGS

McLaren Greater Lansing Minimally Invasive Surgical Associates

1540 Lake Lansing Rd., Suite 104, Lansing Phone: (517) 913-4010

- Melissa Richardson, DO*
- Nicholas St.Hilaire, DO*

McLaren Greater Lansing General Surgery

3220 Discovery Drive, Suite 200, Lansing

Phone: (517) 975-8910 Fax: (517) 975-8925

Mark Jones, DO

Lansing Surgical Associates

3937 Patient Care Drive, Suite 106, Lansing

Phone: (517) 487-8255 Fax: (517) 487-2059

- Jeffery Deppen, DO
- Troy Ferguson, DO
- Werner Henning, DO

ENDOSCOPY

Endoscopy is the visual examination of the upper intestinal tract – esophagus, stomach, duodenum, and biliary tract, the lower intestinal tract – colon, sigmoid, and rectum. Endoscopy procedures give doctors a way to examine the inside of the body in a minimally invasive way. All endoscopies are performed by board-certified specialists. Physicians, nurses, and support staff at the McLaren endoscopy labs are highly trained specialists who focus on patient privacy and comfort while producing the desired results. They are prepared to respond 24/7 to every need, from diagnostics to life-threatening conditions.

FROM REFLUX TO COLORECTAL CANCER, WE HAVE YOU COVERED



COLONOSCOPY

A colonoscopy is a procedure that allows our providers to check the inside of your patient's entire colon (large intestine). They are the gold standard for detecting cancerous polyps in the colon. During a colonoscopy a small flexible tube with a camera at the tip is inserted into the anus. It passes through the rectum and colon to detect abnormalities. During this procedure, our providers may biopsy or remove suspicious-looking areas. Patients are sedated for this procedure.



KARMANOS CANCER INSTITUTE GASTROINTESTINAL (GI) MULTIDISCIPLINARY CLINIC

3520 Forest Road Lansing, MI 48910 Phone: (517) 975-7808

The colorectal clinic is a comprehensive clinic located in Karmanos Cancer Institute at McLaren Greater Lansing. Together, a team of colorectal surgeons, medical oncologist and radiation oncologists provide total care to all our oncology patients. Our oncology social workers and a specialized nurse navigator work to assist patients in care coordination and social stresses during and after treatment. The Colorectal Clinic treats all types of colorectal cancers including appendix, small bowel, anal, rectal, and cancers of the ascending and descending colon.

COLON AND RECTAL CANCER

Colorectal cancer is typically more prevalent in older patient populations. However, over the past 30 years, colorectal cancer cases in patients under 50 has been rising.

It is important if your patient displays any symptoms for colorectal cancer, to order a colonoscopy, which is the gold standard for screening. We have many resources for colorectal cancer from screening to a multidisciplinary clinic if cancer is detected that consists of surgeons, medical oncologists, radiologists, nurse navigators and additional support for your patient. Every cancer case is unique, we treat them uniquely.

SCREENING

Generally, patients at average risk should begin screening at age 45 and continue every 10 years. Those at an increased risk may begin screening sooner and continue with more frequency. Your patient may be at an increased risk if they have a family history of colorectal cancer or other genetic factors (e.g., Lynch syndrome or familial polyposis, have IBD, or a personal history of colorectal polyps).

